## USED COOKING OIL

### TYPICAL ANALYSIS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Moisture</td>
<td>0.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Fatty Acids</td>
<td>90.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free Fatty Acids</td>
<td>15.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impurities (I)</td>
<td>0.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsaponifiables (U)</td>
<td>0.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total MIU</td>
<td>1.60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>27.0 CST @ 120°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>7.44 lb/gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsaturated to Saturated Ratio</td>
<td>3.44:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iodine Value</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metabolizable Energy</td>
<td>4,000 Kcal/lb=8,818 Kcal/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### FATTY ACID PROFILE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chain Length</th>
<th>Fatty Acid</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C8</td>
<td>Caprylic Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C10</td>
<td>Capric Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C12</td>
<td>Lauric Acid</td>
<td>0.11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C12:1</td>
<td>Lauroleic Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C13</td>
<td>Tridecanoic Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C14</td>
<td>Myristic Acid</td>
<td>0.64%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C14:1</td>
<td>Myristoleic Acid</td>
<td>0.11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C15</td>
<td>Pentadecanoic Acid</td>
<td>0.08%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C16</td>
<td>Palmitic Acid</td>
<td>14.83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C16:1</td>
<td>Palmitoleic Acid</td>
<td>0.94%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C16:2</td>
<td>Hexadecadienoic Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C17</td>
<td>Margaric Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C18</td>
<td>Stearic Acid</td>
<td>6.22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C18:1</td>
<td>Oleic Acid</td>
<td>37.80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C18:2</td>
<td>Linoleic Acid</td>
<td>34.75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C18:3</td>
<td>Linolenic Acid</td>
<td>4.15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C20</td>
<td>Arachidic Acid</td>
<td>0.37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C20:1</td>
<td>Eicosenoic Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C22</td>
<td>Behenic Acid</td>
<td>0.25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C22:1</td>
<td>Erucic Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C24</td>
<td>Lignoceric Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C24:1</td>
<td>Tetracosenoic Acid</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Analysis are updated periodically and may vary slightly from previous versions.

Approved plant of:
- Animal Protein Producers Institute (APPI) Code of Practice Voluntary Salmonella Reduction Program
- Food & Drug Administration (FDA) Registered

darpro-ingredients.com

Transforming sustainable resources into functional and nutritional solutions
1. Identification

Material name: UCO (used cooking oil)
Recommended Use: Feed/Pet Food ingredient, raw material for the manufacture of Chemicals/Biofuels

Restrictions: None Known

Version #: 03
Revision Date: 8/18/2015
CAS #: 68475-81-0
Manufacturer: Darling Ingredients Inc.
251 O’Connor Ridge Blvd.
Suite 300
Irving, TX
75038
United States

E-mail: info@darlingii.com

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency overview: BROWN LIQUID WITH CHARACTERISTIC ODOR

HEALTH HAZARDS
PRACTICALLY NON-TOXIC

FLAMMABILITY HAZARDS
NOT A FLAMMABLE OR COMUSTIBLE MATERIAL PER OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200©

REACTIVITY HAZARDS
STABLE

Potential health effects

Routes of exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact

Eyes: If irritation should occur, it is expected to be transient
Skin: Prolonged or excessive skin contact with this product may cause mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic reaction in some individuals.

Inhalation: Under normal condition, inhalation is not expected to be a problem. However, respirator tract irritation may occur if exposed to fumes or mists.

Ingestion: Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal disturbances. May cause allergic reactions in some individuals.
3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UCO/RCO - Mix of animal and vegetable oils</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Impurities</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FREE FATTY ACIDS</td>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>&lt;20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNSAPONIABLES</td>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>&lt;1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATER</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>&lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSOLUBLE IMPURITES</td>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>&lt;0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Synonyms: RCO (Recycled Cooking Oil), Restaurant Grease, Kitchen Grease

Composition comments
Values do not reflect absolute minimums and maximums: these values are typical which may vary from time to time.

This Safety Data Sheet is intended to communicate potential health hazards and potential physical hazards associated with the products(s) covered by this sheet, and is not intended to communicate product specification information. For product specification information, contact your DarPro representative.

Additives:
May contain anti-oxidant (Stabilizer). See attached Anti-Oxidant SDS if anti-oxidant is present.

Hazardous concentration range: N/A

4. First aid measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact
Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin contact
Under normal transport conditions, liquid may be hot enough to burn exposed skin. Wash area thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Inhalation
Not expected to be an inhalation hazard.

Ingestion
For larger amounts, do not induce vomiting, but give one or two glasses of water to drink and get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious.

Notes to physician
Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammable properties
Material will burn in a fire.

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media
Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or fire-fighting foam for Class B fires to extinguish fire. Water may be ineffective on fire. Material floats on water.

Protection of firefighters

Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Combustion may produce COx and other decomposition products in the case of incomplete combustion.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions
Evacuate area and fight fire from a safe distance.
Use water spray to cool adjacent structures and to protect personnel. Stay away from storage tank ends. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of storage tank due to fire.
Firefighters must wear NIOSH approved positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) with full face mask and full protective equipment.
6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions
If material is released to the environment, take immediate steps to stop and contain release. Caution should be exercised regarding personnel safety and exposure to the released material. Notify local authorities and the National Response Center, if required. Material may plug water intakes.

Waste Disposal Method - Rendering (reprocessing), not to be landfilled. Do not flush to sewer.

Other Information
Spills can be very slippery. Liquid may be mopped-up, soaked-up with inert absorbents, or pumped. Material may solidify at ambient temperature and can be removed with a shovel or front end loader. Wash floors with soap and hot water and rinse with hot water.
Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth) then place in a chemical waste container. Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Solidified material may be removed with a shovel.
Stop leak when safe to do so.
See Exposure Controls. Personal Protection (Section 8)

Emergency action
Keep unnecessary people away; isolate hazard area and deny entry. IF TANK, RALCAR OR TANK TRUCK IS INVOLVED IN A FIRE, isolate for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. Evacuate area endangered by release as required. (See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection, Section 8) Stay upwind.

7. Handling and storage

Handling
Standard precautions appropriate for handling hot liquids

Good personal hygiene practices such as properly handling contaminated clothing, using wash facilities before entering public areas and restricting eating, drinking and smoking to designated areas are essential for preventing personal chemical contamination. do not breathe fumes or vapor. Avoid contact with skin or eyes.

Storage
Store in tightly closed containers in a cool, dry isolated, well-ventilated area away from heat, sources of ignition and incompatibles. Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.
Empty containers may contain material residue. Do not reuse without adequate precautions.
Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas of use or storage.
8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits
Not available

Engineering controls
Ventilation and other forms of engineering controls are the preferred means for controlling exposures.

Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection
Keep away from eyes. Eye contact can be avoided by using chemical safety glasses, goggles and/or face shield. Have eye washing facilities readily available where eye contact can occur.

Skin protection
Avoid skin contact with this material. Use appropriate chemical protective gloves when handling. Additional protective clothing may be necessary. Material may be HOT.

Respiratory protection
A NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with an appropriate cartridge or canister, such as an organic vapor cartridge, may be used in circumstances where airborne organic vapor concentrations may exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or in other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. See OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 for more information regarding respiratory protection and Assigned Protection Factors (APFs).

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Form
Liquid

Color
Brown

Odor
Characteristic

Odor threshold
Characteristic

Physical State Form
Not available

Vapor Pressure
Not available

Vapor density
Exceeds 1.0

Boiling Point
N/D

Melting point/freezing point
50º to 105º F (15º – 40º C)

Solubility (water)
Insoluble

Specific gravity
0.89 @ 140º F (60º C)

Relative density
Not available

Flash point
> 500º F (260º C)

Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume
Not available

Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume
Not available

Auto-ignition temperature
Not available

VOC
Not available

Evaporation rate
Not available

Viscosity
Not available

Percent volatile
Not available

Partition coefficient
Not available
(n-octanaol/water)

Pour point
28 ºF (-2.2 C)

Molecular weight
Not available

Molecular formula
Not available

Other Data

Chemical family
Triglycerides

Density
0.92 g/ml at 60 F (15.6)
Electrostatic properties
Conductivity
Not available

Cloud point
Not available

10. Stability and reactivity
Chemical stability
Material is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid
Avoid unventilated areas, excessive heat, open flames, sparks and ungrounded electrical equipment.
Incompatible materials
None
Hazardous decomposition products
Not anticipated under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
Not anticipated under normal conditions.

11. Toxicological information
Routes of exposure
Inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact
Numerical measures of toxicity
N/A
Eye contact
Get medical attention if eye irritation persists.
Skin contact
Get medical attention if skin irritation develops or persists.
Inhalation
If breathing difficulty occurs, get medical attention.
Ingestion
Routine use of this product is not expected to cause any situation which could lead to ingestion.

12. Ecological information
Ecotoxicity
Material not classified as harmful to aquatic organisms. However, secondary effects such as lowered dissolved oxygen when introduced to surface water can be toxic to aquatic life.
Persistence and degradability
Readily biodegradable in the environment
Bioaccumulation/
This material is not expected to bio accumulate in aquatic animals.
Accumulation
Mobility in environmental media
Not classified in terms of mobility in air, soil and water.

13. Disposal considerations
Disposal instruction
This material, as supplied, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal Regulations (40 CFR 261). Under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. (RCRA), it is the responsibility of the user of the material to characterize and determine, at the time of disposal, whether the material is a hazardous waste subject to RCRA.

For additional handling information and protection of employees, see Section 7 (Handling and Storage) and Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

14. Transport information
General
BILL OF LADING - BULK (U.S. DOT): Non-regulated by DOT
BILL OF LADING - NON-BULK (U.S. DOT): Non-regulated by DOT
UN number (United Nations hazardous material #)
Not a hazardous material
15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

All ingredients are on the TSCA inventory, or are not required to be listed on the TSCA inventory.

This material does not contain toxic chemicals (in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration) that are subject to the annual toxic chemical release reporting requirements of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

Check local, regional or state/provincial regulations for any additional requirements as these may be more restrictive than federal laws and regulations. Failure to report may result in substantial civil and criminal penalties.

State regulations

Based on available information this product does not contain any components or chemicals currently known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm at levels which would be subject to Proposition 65. Reformulation, use or processing of this material may affect its composition and require re-evaluation.

16. Other information

NFPA ratings

Health: 0
Flammability: 1
Instability: 0

Disclaimer

NOTICE: The information presented herein is based on data considered to be accurate as of the date of preparation of this Safety Data Sheet. Adequate training and instruction should be given by you or your employees and affected personnel. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided by you to handlers and users. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided by you to handlers and users. Additionally, the user should review this information, satisfy itself as to its suitability and completeness, and pass on the information to its employees or customers in accordance with the applicable federal, state, provincial or local hazard communication requirements. This SDS may not be used as a commercial specification sheet of manufacturer or seller, and no warranty or representation, expressed or implied, is made as to the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the foregoing data and safety information, nor is any authorization given or implied to practice any patented invention without a license. In addition, vendor neither assumes nor retains any responsibility for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to adhere to appropriate practices, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Moreover, unless an employee or a customer accesses or receives an SDS directly from the company, there is no assurance that a document obtained from alternate sources is the most currently available SDS.

Issuer date

11/13/2014

This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in section(s):

Handling and storage: Handling
Exposure controls/personal protection: Skin Protection
Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties

Completed by

Darling Ingredients Inc. - Research, Technology and Governmental Affairs